

# The Times

SIXTH YEAR

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THEATERS

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—H. G. WYATT & CO., Managers.

The Play That All America Applauded.

COMMENCING TOMORROW (TUESDAY) NIGHT.  
THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

OCTOBER 2-3-4, TUESDAY  
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HOYT'S Best Work  
Satirical Masterpiece  
Greatest Money Maker

"A Texas Steer"

COMPELLING MORE HEARTY LAUGHTER THAN ALL OTHER HOYT'S  
COMEDIES COMBINED. THE ORIGINAL CAST. NOT ONE DULL MO-  
MENT. INVOKING INCESSANT LAUGHTER. AN ALL-STAR COMPANY.

Seats Now on Sale. Popular Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Tel. Main 70.

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER—OLIVER MOROSCO  
Lionel and Manager  
TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK—MATURED SATURDAY.  
THE OLIVER-LESLIE COMPANY Presenting Clyde Fitch's Brilliant Story  
"THE MOTH AND THE FLAME."

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Prices Never Vary—15c, 25c, 50c and 75c. Tel. Main 1270.

Next week Oliver-Leslie Company in E. E. Kidder's "PEACEFUL VALLEY."

OPHEUM—The demand for seats is phenomenal!  
Order yours well in advance and thus avoid disappointment!  
JESSIE BARTLETT DAVIS.  
JOHNSON BROS. YOUNG AMERICA QUINTETTE OZAV and DELINO  
MCARE and DANIELS. JOHNSON and DEAN. FULLER and JENKINS  
MANSFIELD-WILBUR, in a new sketch, "A Bird and a Bottle."  
PRICES—50c, 25c, 10c. Box seats, 75c. Matinee, any seat, 25c. Phone M 1447.

A MUSEUMS AND ENTERTAINMENTS

With Dates of Events.

GRAND AVE. AND WASHINGTON ST.—

Tuesday and Wednesday, October 9 and 10, RINGLING BROS' CIRCUS, the Biggest Show in the World. 65 railroad cars, 1000 people, 500 horses, 25 performers, 25 elephants, mammoth menagerie, moving Roman hippodrome, grand fire street parade Tuesday. October 9 at 10 a.m. General admissions 50c, children under 12 years, half price. Reserved matinees and evenings, 75c. Reserved matinees and evenings, 100c. Box seats, 125c. Unless otherwise specified, all seats at downtown office are the same as charged at ticket offices on show grounds.

METROPOLITAN JUBILEE SINGERS—

The Famous Colored Singers in plantation melodies and popular songs at Y. M. C. A. Hall, 209 South Broadway, Monday and Tuesday evenings, October 1 and 2, 25 cents. Reserved seats 35 cents.

BLANCHARD HALL—Can be reserved for groups, matinees, evenings, 25 cents.

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—

Three and one-half hours from Los Angeles.

Holds the World's Rod and Reel Fishing Record.

A glimpse through the glass bottom boat and 10 fathoms of Catalina's crystal waters will reveal an ocean of living wonders. The great stage ride and golf links, Glass tank exhibition of living fish and animals. Hotel Metropole always open. Daily steamer service except Fridays from San Pedro wharves connecting with Southern Pacific and Trans-Mississippi, leaving Los Angeles at 9:05 and 6:00 a.m. respectively. Fare, round trip \$2.75; excursion, \$1.50. Sunday excursion, about 2½ hours on the island; other days about 30 cents.

Telephone Main 36. BANNING CO., 222 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

M. T. LOWE RAILWAY—"Grandest Round Trip on Earth!"  
SPECIAL \$2.50 ROUND TRIP—Don't miss it. Trip of a lifetime!  
To Alpine Tavern—First-class. \$2.50 per day and \$1.50 per week.  
Passenger and Ticket Office 250 S. Spring St. (Steinman Block). Tel. M. 500.

\$5-25 TO SAN FRANCISCO—INCLUDING BIRTH AND DEATH  
TRAVELERS. Monday P.M. Office 250 South Spring St. Tel. Main 500. G. J. LEHMAN, AGENT.

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

CARBONS—Every Picture Book of Art.  
MEDALS—Visitors should not miss the opportunity to have photographs taken under the most favorable conditions. The best studio in the city is the one located in the studio of G. J. Lehman, 250 S. Spring St., Opp. Hollister.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS RALLY—  
ELKS HALL EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT.  
DEES AND HARRIMAN. WILSHIRE for Congress.

PIONEER TRUNK FACTORY—J. G. Cunningham, Prop. 250 S. Main St. Tel. Main 500. Manufacturer and dealer in Trunks, Traveling Bags, Suit Cases and Leather Goods.

HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES.

RLINGTON HOTEL—  
Santa Barbara,  
With an addition of forty bathrooms and new passenger elevator makes the most comfortable resort hotel in the State. Roses, flowers and sunshine always.

Closed during every day. Perpetual May climate.

NATICK HOUSE—Cor. First and Figueroa Sts. Geo. W. Lovell & Co., Proprietors. First-class hotel. Large dining room, twenty Turkish and many rooms, private bath, large playgrounds for children. An ideal, picturesquely California Hotel. Rates \$1.00 and up. Special terms by the week.

THE WESTLAKE HOTEL—Cor. First and Figueroa Sts. Geo. W. Lovell & Co., Proprietors. First-class hotel. Large dining room, twenty Turkish and many rooms, private bath, large playgrounds for children. An ideal, picturesquely California Hotel. Rates \$1.00 and up. Special terms by the week.

THE CALIFORNIA. One hundred and 300 ft. above sea level, conveniently located, having been entirely restored; under new management, 1905 PARSONS.

SEE FOR BROKEN HEART.

Assistant Superintendent Newbold of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad shot himself.

Mr. Newbold, superintendent of the North and South Birmingham and Nashville Railroad, committed suicide at his residence in this city today by shooting himself in the heart.

Mr. Newbold lost his wife some months ago and at that time had been despondent, and to this he attributed his act. He was about 52 years old and had been connected with the Louisville and Nashville Railroad for many years. He was prominently mentioned as the probable successor to General M. A. McNeal of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, who recently resigned to go with another road.

FARMER ENDS HIS LIFE.

IRVINGTON, Sept. 26.—William J. Willis, a farmer who had resided near here for many years, and was well known throughout the country, ended his life today by taking carbolic acid. Despondency caused by illness is supposed to have caused his act.

His wife and son are to be buried in the cemetery near his home.

Mr. Willis had lost his wife some months ago and at that time had been despondent, and to this he attributed his act. He was about 52 years old and had been connected with the Louisville and Nashville Railroad for many years. He was prominently mentioned as the probable successor to General M. A. McNeal of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, who recently resigned to go with another road.

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## NOXBEE SCHOOL

Notable Movement for Colored People.

Prof. Hunter's Service to His Race.

Education of the Backwoods Negro Undertaken—Some Startling Facts.

BY FRANK W. MOLLINE,  
SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT OF THE TIMES.

ASHIBABA (O., Sept. 22.—The backwoods negroes who live in the more densely settled part of what is known as the black belt of the South, are now to receive attention. I have just had an interview with the founder of a new and notable movement which has been started in Mississippi looking toward the self-support and self-education of the negro and which incidentally will do much toward the solution of the race problem.

Interest in such national movements as those of Booker T. Washington, a distinctive effort has arisen. Why

family members believe." Such is the condition of the backwoods negro of the black belt of Mississippi, and when it is considered that about 80 per cent of the negroes of the South are residents of the backwoods, the gravity of the situation is evidenced.

The State of Mississippi has a colored population of 800,000, thus being second to Georgia, which has 900,000 negroes. It is estimated that negroes over 10 years of age in Mississippi can neither read nor write. The rural negroes live from hand to mouth. They have to work to live, but the natives have to be taught how to work it. Mortgages are thickly plastered over nearly all the property they possess.

## NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

Interesting Report on Increase of Naval Strength—Wireless Telegraphy Experiments Successful.

IA. P. NIGHT REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The naval annual report published by the Office of Naval Intelligence contains, among other things, an interesting report by Lieut. W. L. Howard, summarizing the increase in the strength of naval strength during the past year by the greatest military power.

A topical article of value is contributed by Lieut. L. R. de Steiguer, on the subject of wireless telegraphy. This recites just what each of the naval powers has done toward the utilization of Marconi's discovery, and the methods of the art of long distance wireless transmission by a competent German authority. In general it appears that the contractors have adopted standardizing and the British seem in South Africa by the use of kites for the vertical wires, have managed to transmit messages a distance of eighty-five miles, or more than ten miles further than the distance of the wireless telephone. The famous wireless torpedo boat Viper, which runs over thirty-four knots an hour with ease.

## ELECTRIC PRESSURE.

Experiments of a Swiss Scientist to Ascertain the Danger Points in Shock from Wires.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Some time ago a dispute arose between a Swiss firm of electrical engineers and some local authorities controlling three electric railways with regard to the place at which the third line should be worked. The contractors proposed 750 volts, but the authorities refused to allow more than 500, any increase on which they said was dangerous.

To settle the question, the contractors engaged Prof. H. F. Weber of Zurich to conduct a series of experiments on the human body under electric pressures on the human body. Two classes of experiments were made, with a view to decide, firstly, the risk when both wires simultaneously touch the body; and, secondly, the risk when one person comes in contact with a bare part of the body; and, thirdly, the risk when a person standing on the railway or on a car touches one or another of the two wires.

Prof. Weber found the limiting safe pressure to be 550 volts, as this pressure caused instantaneous paralysis of all the muscles of the body and heart and lungs. It was taken, though this pressure produced instant paralysis of the hands. From his experiments Prof. Weber infers that all pressures exceeding 100 volts are dangerous, and that a pressure of 550 volts is safe.

He also found that a pressure of 550 volts made with both poles of an alternating-current circuit, and, since this pressure produces muscular fixation, there is a decided risk of consequent paralysis.

In the second class of experiments, Prof. Weber, standing on moist gravel soil, subjected himself to gradually increasing pressures by means of an interlocking device in a series of twenty glow lamps, each taking 10 volts, and all well insulated.

When the live conductor was slightly touched, a pressure of 1000 volts produced instant paralysis of the hands.

But when the live conductor was firmly gripped, a pressure of only 700 volts produced intense trembling of the fingers, hands, arms and ankles.

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**SPECIAL...**  
**Boys' Suits**  
wool: are well made  
\$5.00 would not be  
regularly.

**& BLUETT**  
**OTHING CO.**

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**Bro.**  
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**ERODOMA**

**American Importing Co.**  
Premiums Free  
Wines

**Tuna, Coffee,**  
**Tea, Cakes,**  
**Ice, Baking Powder**  
and Time and Place to See  
Come Just to See

**American Importing Co.**

**JOHN STONE**  
**WINE & BEER**  
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MONDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1900.

## Los Angeles Daily Times.

## OTHER "ANTIS"

Held Forth in the City  
Last Evening.

Two Meetings Volleyed  
Against Saloons.

Socialist Labor Party Ful-  
minated Against the Courts.  
Earl Rogers's Speech.

The people of Vincent Methodist  
Episcopal Church and of Knox Pro-  
testant Church were in session  
last night at the Vincent Church in  
the interest of the Anti-Saloon League,  
Rev. W. J. Knight of Vincent Church  
and Rev. W. S. Young of Knox Church  
were on the platform with Dr. S. S.  
Chapman, the cyclonic apostle of the  
Anti-Saloon League, who said: "The  
poor man also has rights under the  
law, and could not be made to admit  
that he was committing a sin. A man  
voted for the poor man's guilt, then  
there must be doubt enough to turn  
him loose."

His sentiments were not entirely sat-  
isfactory. When the five-minute  
speech came some sentiments were  
cast adrift that just filled the bill.  
These came from men who thought the  
whole judicial and legislative  
process too bad and dangerous, ought  
to turn into strips and used for gun wad-  
ding.

ODD YANKEE  
BELIEFS

Safe Cures for Witches Up in  
the New Hampshire Hills.  
Death Warnings.

Boston Correspondence New York  
(Sun): They were having a neighbor-  
hood gosip the other evening. It is  
about 55 fat and jolly, the trousers  
of his evening p'p' on the moonlit  
way and about 50, and the head of  
the family next door—that is to say,  
two families occupy this double frame  
house in Allston.

"I was readin' somethin' else  
when I was having a neighbor-  
hood gosip the other evening. It is  
about 55 fat and jolly, the trousers  
of his evening p'p' on the moonlit  
way and about 50, and the head of  
the family next door—that is to say,  
two families occupy this double frame  
house in Allston."

The speaker gave some statistics,  
showing that the Ohio was once dominated  
by a saloon party of more than 35 per  
cent of the church vote, and imagin-  
ing his audience to look horrified at  
the statement, he said:

"Oh, you needn't put on so much  
style. You are not any better than they are.  
They are over 100,000 people at Los  
Angeles. Are there no saloons in  
the homes of Los Angeles are full  
of shadows and sorrows and grief  
of reason."

He declared there was a remarkable  
rise in the public sentiment of this  
State.

"Today, when I went to Santa Monica  
for the first time the best known and  
wealthiest man in the town was to  
preach at the meeting for fear I was  
some addle-brained crank. In twenty-  
two years I have never seen any man  
submit the question to a vote and in  
thirty days they voted the saloon  
out of the town."

As a speaker, he said, the experience  
was different. Under his leadership  
the people asked the Town Tre-  
asurer to submit the question to a  
vote and they voted it out."

"We told them we would elect a  
board that would submit the question,"  
said the speaker, "and we showed them  
up that we would submit it to a  
vote."

"It's all right," they said, "but you'll  
kill the Lord." I told them, "I want  
to be good, but you'll kill the Lord."

"Come, Protestant, Catholic, Jew,  
Gentile, Republican, Democrat, we'll  
be brothers on this question until we  
kick the unmentionable thing into the  
bottomless pit."

"The saloon keepers of Los Angeles  
have no rights under heaven, except  
the rights we have given them."

Some of County Supervisors who  
favored saloons, he said:

"You must turn them down if con-  
vention or we'll turn them down at  
the polls."

"We said some things reminded him  
of the little boy who said that 'God  
took Adam's backbone and made a  
woman.'

"We are not asking that you put up  
men who do not favor the saloon," he  
said, "but we demand that you put up  
men for Supervisors who will let the  
people say, whether they want saloons  
or not."

"He announced that the requisite  
number of signatures had been secured  
in Santa Barbara, Ventura and Or-  
ange counties and the question would  
be submitted in these three at the No-  
vember election."

"What about this city? Well, I over-  
heard one whisky man say that the  
whole State of California will be  
under prohibition next year."

"They believe we're going to be  
the last to give up the saloon," he  
said.

"We're not asking for support for the  
anti-saloon cause. Dr. Chapman, who  
wanted the people to be like the old  
German, who said:

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## AT THE CITY'S GATES.

## EAST LOS ANGELES.

IMPROVEMENTS AT THE PARK.  
As fall advances vegetation in East-  
lake Park improves rapidly. The  
lawns have never been more beautiful,  
and just now the great bunches of  
pampas, scattered about on the mar-  
gins, are covered with a new growth  
of white plumes, adding much to the  
beauty of the landscape. The ex-  
cellent care bestowed upon lawn areas  
and avenues presents them every Sunday  
without a sign of litter. The attractive  
vistas of green beneath the shade trees  
were covered yesterday with hundreds  
of people of picnic parties, more people  
than usual having sought refuge from  
the heat in the park.

The disgraceful condition of Thirty-  
eighth street has given an impetus to the  
long-talked-of movement to grade  
the street, and it is already in progress.  
The street is the widest and most impor-  
tant residence thoroughfare in Uni-  
versity Place, and it is planned to make  
it a truly classed highway.

The opening of the University  
of Southern California has made the uni-  
versity neighborhood much livelier  
than it was during the summer vaca-  
tion. The few houses held in the  
district have been rapidly filled up with  
families who come here to give the  
younger members the advantages of  
the college.

The college building and grounds  
have been put in better shape than  
ever before, and are now an ornament  
to this end of the city. Among other  
improvements on the campus may be  
noted the erection of various un-  
necessary outbuildings.

The building occupying the south-  
ern part of the campus, formerly  
occupied by the University Academy,  
is now a dormitory, and is to be  
given up entirely to the School of  
Oriental. Other improvements to the  
university properties are in prospect.

## VERNON.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Sept. 30.—(Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official) At 5 o'clock a.m. the maximum temperature was 80°; at 1 p.m., 84°. Thermometer for corresponding hours at 50° and 71°. Relative humidity, 1 a.m., 22 per cent; 1 p.m., 21 per cent. Wind 5 a.m., 10 miles; 1 p.m., 12 miles. Character of weather, clear. Maximum temperature 86°; minimum temperature 68°. Barometer reduced to 29.96.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 30.—Weather conditions and general forecast. The following maximum temperatures were recorded today: Marin 82°; Mt. Tamalpais, 73°; Independence, 75°; Red Bluff, 73°; Fresno, 71°; Los Angeles, 74°; San Luis Obispo, 76°; San Diego, 76°; San Francisco data: Maximum temperature 82°; minimum, 67°; mean, 74°.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 30.—(Reported by the Pacific) Weather rises over the Upper Missouri Valley. The pressure is relatively high over Washington and Montana, and lowest over the plateau of the Colorado River. The pressure is high over northwestern Arizona, and data are given where west of the Rocky Mountains. It is highest over the northern portion of the Pacific Slope and generally clear over the southern. Light rain has fallen in California and showers are probable on the mountains and generally partly cloudy over the remainder of the State Monday.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA: Fairly cloudy Monday, with showers in the northern coast; in the interior: fresh west wind.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: Fair Monday; light rain in the mountains.

Actions: Cloudy with showers in the mountains Monday.

San Francisco and vicinity: Generally cloudy Monday, with west wind.

Actions: Partly cloudy, cooler Monday.

RECORD OF OBSERVATIONS 5 P.M.

Max. State Temp. of weather.

Water City 74° Partly cloudy.

Los Angeles 74° Partly cloudy.

Long Beach 74° Partly cloudy.

Glendale 74° Partly cloudy.

San Fernando 74° Part cloudy.

San Pedro 74° Part cloudy.

San Leandro 74° Part cloudy.

San Luis Obispo 74° Part cloudy.

San Diego 74° Part cloudy.

San Luis Obispo 74° Part cloudy.

San Francisco 74° Part cloudy.

San Francisco



## THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

E. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.  
HARRY CHANDLER.....Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.  
HAROLD OTIS-CHANDLER.....Secretary.  
ALBERT MCPARLAND.....Treasurer.  
PUBLISHERS OF

## The Los Angeles Times

Daily, Weekly, Sunday,  
one Weekly, Monthly.  
DAILY CHRONICLE—Well Associated Press Night Report covering the globe; from 12,000 to  
20,000 words every day.  
TELEGRAMS—Daily and Sunday, 75 cents a month, or \$2.00 a year; Daily without Sunday, \$7.00  
a year; Sunday, \$2.00; Magazine Section only, \$2.00; Weekly, \$1.00.  
DAILY CIRCULATION—Daily not average for 1900, 12,000; Sunday, 6,000.  
12,000 Daily, 6,000 Sunday.  
TELEGRAPH—Covering Home and Subscriptions; Department, San Fran, Press 1; Editorial  
Rooms, third floor, Press 3; City Editor and local news room, Press 4.  
ADVERTISING—Western Agents, Williams & Lawrence, No. 51-52 Tribune Building, New York.  
Washington Bureau, Chicago, Washington Bureau, 40 First Building.

Offices: Times Building, First and Broadway.  
Editorial of the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as mail matter of the second class.

THE NATION'S CHOICE;  
McKINLEY AND ROOSEVELT,  
REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

## THE TIMES' TELEPHONES.

The new numbers of the Times' telephone are as follows: Business Office, Press 1, changed from Main 49; News Room, Press 2, changed from Main 94; Editorial Room, Press 3, changed from Main 97; Times-Mirror Printing and Binding House, 49 First from Main 45.

## TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

The Times offers a reward of \$10 in cash for the apprehension, arrest and evidence which leads to conviction of any person caught stealing copies of the Times from the premises of subscribers.

## THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

TIN PLATE PRICES.

In a previous article the Times has shown how the McKinley tariff of 1890 virtually created the tin-plate industry in the United States, where no such industry existed prior to the enactment of that wise and benevolent law. By the creation of this great industry, as was shown in the previous article, some \$20,000,000 of American money is kept at home which was formerly sent abroad as tribute to foreign manufacturers, our home market is supplied by the home product, and employment is furnished to something like 50,000 American workmen.

During the last three years there have been advances in the price of tin plate, and it has been charged that these advances were arbitrary, caused by a combination of the tin-plate manufacturers. An examination of facts and figures shows that the advances in the price of tin plate are due to advances in the price of the materials entering into its manufacture, and these advances are a part of the general rise in the prices of commodities all over the country—and throughout the world's markets, for that matter—as a result of a general industrial revival.

The price of tin plate in 1893, the second year of production under the McKinley tariff, was \$2.04 per box. This was a material reduction from the price of the imported article prior to the enactment of the McKinley law, thus disproving the free-trade contention that the amount of the duty is added both to the imported article and to the like product of domestic manufacture. Under the influence of domestic competition, made possible by the McKinley tariff, the price fell steadily from year to year—thus reversing another tenet of the free-trade faith—until in 1896 it reached \$2.50 per box, a reduction of 30 per cent from the former price. In 1899 the average price had risen to \$2.51 per box, and on April 10 of the present year it was \$2.60 per box. The reason for this advance was the fact that Straits increased from 13.3 cents per pound in New York, in 1895, to 31 cents in 1899 (the same period during which the increase in the price of the plate occurred). The price of steel billets increased during the same period from \$15.00 per ton in 1897 to \$37 in April, 1899. These two articles are the principal "raw material" of the tin-plate manufacturing industry, and this increase of more than 112 per cent in the cost of the chief articles entering into the manufacture of tin plate was clearly and directly responsible for the advance in the wages paid to the workmen engaged in the production of tin plate. These simple facts leave no ground for the free-trade theorist to stand upon.

Nearly all the universities and colleges report a greater number of students entering the freshman classes this year than ever before. This is one of the gratifying results of prosperity. Good business conditions furnish the means for higher education, and higher education means more intelligent and better citizenship.

What this country should do is out of them and hedge them about with conditions that will prevent their doing harm, the interests of the masses of the people being first to be considered.

There is one thing certain. If Thomas Jefferson were alive today he would not be tramping up and down and across the land, boating the air and shouting for Agricola and his broach-clad brother "patriots."

The real "midway" has been found.

It is North Perry, Mo., which it has been discovered, is exactly half way between the equator and the pole.

Careful statisticians estimate the number of Presidential tickets in the field this year at thirteen, and yet there are citizens of the United States who cannot find one that suits them.

The real "midway" has been found.

It is North Perry, Mo., which it has been discovered, is exactly half way between the equator and the pole.

## THE ALCOHOL QUESTION.

One of the latest contributions to the much-discussed subject of temperance reform is the seventh edition of a big volume of nearly 800 pages, under the title, "The Temperance Problem and Social Reform," that has just been issued by two English writers, who have for a number of years been closely identified with temperance and other social reform movements in the United Kingdom, and incidentally with temperance work in other quarters of the globe. The book referred to is an elaborate review of what has been accomplished along this line during the past half century, of what is now being done, and of what may possibly be accomplished in the future toward the restriction of the vice of alcoholic intemperance in Great Britain, with reference to similar work in the United States and other countries.

If writing and talking could settle a problem, the so-called temperance question—which is usually understood in the somewhat narrow sense of abstention from alcoholic beverages—would surely have been settled years ago, for the matter that has been put before the public on this question would fill thousands of volumes. Unfortunately, however, for those who simply aim at a satisfactory and practical conclusion, a large proportion of these arguments are extremely illogical and biased on one side or the other of the question. We can scarcely hope to arrive at a practical solution of this vexed problem from the zealous but indistinct and unreasonable political prohibitionist, on the one side, and the equally illogical and biased on the other. Between the two there is a class of earnest and judicious men who are constantly seeking for the truth in this and other social questions. It is to such people that we must look for information and assistance.

The authors of the volume referred to do not enter into a discussion of the physiological effects of alcohol. They argue upon the broad contention that the present consumption of alcohol in England and other civilized countries is excessive, and should be reduced. The facts that are brought forth in this publication certainly go to prove the assertion.

The statistics published in regard to the consumption of alcoholic beverages are by no means encouraging to those interested in temperance reform. It is cited as an extraordinary fact that the per capita consumption of alcohol in the United Kingdom is greater than it was in 1890, when the temperance reformation was in its infancy. Here are a few figures which "give to think," as the French say:

"Reduced to a basis of proof spirit, the per capita consumption in 1890 was 4.6 gallons in 1890 and 4.8 gallons in 1899. Or, to express the proportions in money, the expenditure per head of the population for alcoholic drinks was about \$15 in 1890 and \$20 in 1899. The amount expended for intoxicants in the United Kingdom in 1899 was \$10,657,370, of which about \$500,000,000 went for beer and \$400,000,000 of it over the bars of public houses."

After a careful consideration of the various plans that have been devised for lessening the evils of the liquor traffic, the authors of this work suggest that movements be instituted in the United Kingdom for the establishment and maintenance of free temperance resorts and entertainments sufficiently attractive to induce the public from the public bars and their surroundings. This plan proposes:

"To confer upon localities the power of granting a monopoly of the entire retail liquor traffic within their borders, either to companies formed for that purpose, upon which the municipal councils shall be directly represented, or, under important safeguards, to the converts themselves. The second step, and upon which we would now lay special stress, is to establish and maintain out of the profits of the traffic a fund for the maintenance of public or 'people's palaces,' in which full and even elaborate provision could be made for the most varied forms of healthful recreation, but in which no intoxicants would be sold. The attractions which we dread for the public houses should there be freely supplied, and the utmost enlightened effort be concentrated in an endeavor to meet the true recreative needs of the people."

It is doubtful whether such a proposition would be profitable or practical in the United States.

One of the authors of the book visited the United States last year and investigated the various temperance experiments in operation in different States of the Union, including local option, high license, the dispensary system and prohibition. The conclusions he draws from the conditions which he observed in this country are as follows:

"On the one hand is seen the gradual abandonment of State prohibition, and the non-enforcement of its provisions in the cities in which it nominally remains in force. On the other hand we see the rapid extension of some form of local option, its adoption being attended with a large measure of success. State prohibition has broken down because imposed upon a reluctant community, a contingency less liable to occur under local option."

The somewhat unsatisfactory final conclusion arrived at is that the popular urban centers will never accept absolute prohibition and that successful local option must be confined to rural districts and small urban populations. This, it may be mentioned, is a movement which has attained considerable headway in Southern California, and is likely to be yet further extended in the near future.

"Buffalo," says the Syracuse Post-Standard, "has done nobly in raising \$6000 for the Galveston sufferers. Syracuse has done nearly as well in raising \$1500." Los Angeles, with a population less than that of Syracuse, has, however, given more than four times \$1500.

A. C. Blitsch, the proprietor of the Hollenbeck, who was married at Niagara Falls, to the surprise of his friends a few weeks ago, returned home yesterday with his bride.

The real "midway" has been found.

It is North Perry, Mo., which it has been discovered, is exactly half way between the equator and the pole.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.  
A Character Study of an American.

BY GEORGE J. LEVY.

[Specialty Contributed to The Times.]

[I]N THE fall of 1881 Theodore Roosevelt, a young New York Knickerbocker, recently graduated from Harvard, made his entry into political life as a member of the Republican minority in the New York Legislature. He was then 21 years of age. In the intervening years he has risen steadily, and he has been successively leader of the reform element in the New York Legislature, Police Commissioner under the reform régime in New York City, Civil Service Commissioner under Presidents Harrison and Cleveland, Assistant Secretary of War, and colonel of the First U. S. Cavalry (Rough Riders) during the Spanish war, Governor of the State of New York, and Republican nominee for the Vice-Presidency of the United States.

During the same period he has written a series of essays upon citizenship, political ethics and political reform, showing a remarkable purity and loftiness of ideal, which should find a place on the shelves of every young American. In the still-living tablet of the spoils system, the tedious and tiresome political reform gains ground, with many difficulties to try men's souls, but that is not the chief, but practical optimism, which should find a place in his soul, and which has been consoled him with the knowledge that he is a man of his own, and that the spirit of the Federal government had been well vindicated by his efforts.

From the more summary it is evident that we have to do with a type of unusual complexity. Many of his traits are usually assumed to be antithetic. It is exceptional to find in one individual an idealist and a man of action; a writer of wild adventure and a chronicler of sober history; a theoretic reformer and a practical politician; a leader of battle charges and a shrewd manager of political machinery.

There are of course certain characteristics which we would naturally expect to find in a man with such a record. He is a man of splendid physical strength and endurance; of dynamic energy and vital force; of intense earnestness of high ideals and inimitable frankness. But none of these traits, nor all combined, fully account for his really extraordinary career. That which has above all contributed to his success is the master passion which has dominated his life, and has made him the most successful leader in the Spanish War. His life has been a struggle, not for fame, but for his ideals, and the struggle has been continuous from his birth to his death.

But even those who knew him most intimately, and who were fully aware of the scope of his talents, feared that he had astern to him a career, in which his success was becoming more and more marked, for the sake of his military career. And so, as we follow him through the still-living tablet of the spoils system, we find him continually engaged in the same struggle for decent government, and the same insistence upon justice to all, independent of creed, class or nationality, the same application of corrupt methods, with an utter disregard for personal consequences.

And yet he aimed at no impossible ideal, but rather at one which was impracticable. "A man," he said, "is bound to have a high ideal, and to strive to realize it yet he will never be able to get the greatest good, and must therefore be content with all his energy to getting the best."

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## PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Li Hung Chang is said to be rapidly aging, under the strain he has endured in the last few months.

Miss Longfellow, daughter of the poet, has been officially adopted by the Ojibway Indians, which tribe occupies an island in Lake Huron, near Sault Ste. Marie.

John Albemarle, who dally declined to surrender to Commandant Delaney when summoned to do so by the Boer general, has long been an enthusiastic volunteer, and has done excellent work for the C. I. D.

Capt. Lloyd, the British officer who was killed in the fighting around Tien-Tsin, was one of the most popular officers in the British service.

Major General Sir George K. White, who has been knighted, will be promoted to the rank of General in the Royal Engineers.

Michael T. Farrelly, late legal advisor to President Kruger from whose prison he was released, is now a member of the Royal Commission on the prevention of accidents on railroads.

John Hopkins, for more than forty years a member of the Royal Engineers, died recently at Rochester, England.

John H. Hayes, an Irishman, who commanded his career at Trinity College, Dublin, where he gained many honors.

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Southern California's winter-baseball league will open at "Chutes" Park this month, probably on the 1st inst.

Present indications are that the coming season will be the best in the history of the sport in this part of the country. Certain it is that never before have so many eastern cracks decided to come here. The New York, Chicago, Boston, all well-known players, will appear here, and Pittsburgh will send Tannehill, Williams, Ely.

Other eastern players who will play are: Steinfeldt of Cincinnati, Duncan of Kansas City and Harvey of Minneapolis.

From the North will come Shadbury of Helena, Mangerine and Held of Oakland, Hanlon, Doyle and Hughes of Sacramento, Loughead, Moore, Abbott, Courtney and Whalen of Stockton, Fable, May, Heitz and Swart of San Francisco.

The regular plan is to have a season of five months, with games both Saturday and Sunday. The league will be composed of four teams—San Diego, San Bernardino and two from this city.

#### SAN DIEGO'S PROSPECTS.

If present plans are carried out San Diego will have a first-class team in the field this winter that will carry all before it, unless...

The new team will be under the management of Mr. Dodge, who successfully conducted the affairs of the San Diego ball teams for several years. He is now in receipt of letters from such well-known players as Shadbury, left fielder for the Indians; Berman, left fielder for Oakland; Drennan, center fielder for the same name; "Dumbey" Taylor, who pitched for the New York team, and F. E. Downing, a well-known eastern player.

A strong effort is being made to organize a team composed entirely of crack players, and by way of inducement to bring them it has promised to pay big salaries.

#### SAN BERNARDINO READY.

San Bernardino will also be represented in the new league, and it is said that Hamlin, the crack catcher of the Sacramento nine, will play with that nine, and it is quite probable that he will bring with him a number of his friends from the north. Putting those with some of the San Bernardino fast men, an excellent team could be put together.

**LOCAL GAMER.**  
At San Pedro yesterday the American Club of the city defeated the crack team of that city by a score of 33 to 4. Four double plays made by the American were the features of the game, the score of which is as follows:

Axes ..... 0 0 0 2 1 2 2 9-15  
San Pedro ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-4

In another game yesterday the Standards were from the north and by a score of 12 to 8 finished with victory. The Standards are ready to meet any team in Southern California.

#### CALIFORNIA LEAGUE.

**SACRAMENTO VICTORY.**  
SACRAMENTO, Sept. 30.—Sacramento won from San Francisco in the first inning and did it easily, the score at the end being 6 to 1. The features of the game were a home run by Eagan and phenomenal stops by Riley, Eagan and Krue. Knoll was touched for 3 and Hughes for 7 hits. Hughes gave 6 and Kuhl 5 men bases on balls. The game was only after the first inning.

**SACRAMENTO'S HOPES.**  
SAN DIEGO, Sept. 30.—The Stockton baseball team defeated the Oaklans this morning by a score of 4 to 2, but in the afternoon their luck was out, and the Doves won by 5 to 4. Score: Morning game:

Oakland, 2; hits, 7; errors, 4.  
Stockton, 4; hits, 8; errors, 3.

Stockton, 5; hits, 6; errors, 2.  
Mangerine and Mangerina; Babbitt and Smith.

**DUDES GOT THEIR SHARE.**  
IA. P. NIGHT REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 30.—The Stockton baseball team defeated the Oaklans this morning by a score of 4 to 2, but in the afternoon their luck was out, and the Doves won by 5 to 4. Score: Morning game:

Oakland, 2; hits, 7; errors, 4.  
Stockton, 4; hits, 8; errors, 3.

Stockton, 5; hits, 6; errors, 2.  
Mangerine and Mangerina; Babbitt and Smith.

**Afternoon game:**  
Oakland, 2; hits, 7; errors, 4.  
Stockton, 4; hits, 8; errors, 3.  
Mangerine and Mangerina; Babbitt and Smith.

**NATIONAL LEAGUE.**  
BOTH TEAMS WON AND LOST.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—Both teams won and lost in today's double-header. Attendance 7200. Score:

First game:

Chicago, 2; hits, 11; errors, 2.  
St. Louis, 4; hits, 10; errors, 2.

Batteries—Taylor, Kling and Nichols; Young and Criger.

Second game:

Chicago, 4; hits, 5; errors, 4.  
St. Louis, 2; hits, 5; errors, 2.

Batteries—Hughes and Dexter; Whalen and Graham.

Umpire—Smith.

**BAD PITCHING DID PITTSBURGH.**

IA. P. NIGHT REPORT.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 30.—Waddell's poor pitching and the game were for Pittsburg. Attendance 4162. Score:

Cincinnati, 4; hits, 6; errors, 1.  
Pittsburgh, 3; hits, 9; errors, 1.

Batteries—Scott and Kahoe; Waddell and Shinner.

**WITH THE BOXERS.**

WOODS WHIPS BLANCHARD.

IA. P. NIGHT REPORT.

SANTA CRUZ, Sept. 30.—At Boulder Creek last night Bert Woods knocked out Fred Blanchard in the first round of what was to be a twenty-round contest. Blanchard was taller and weighed twelve pounds more than Woods.

**IN LOCAL CIRCLES.**

It is probable that two good boxing matches will be pulled off before the material at hand it is at once evident



that such a team should be put out this year as the university has never before sent out. In the meantime the freshman class has organized a team and held the first practice Saturday afternoon.

Way Flint is manager, and will play the position of fullback. He weighs 160 pounds, and has had some experience as a football man, playing fullback last year for the college team.

Ross Hartley as captain will play quarter, and brings a season's experience to fit him for the place. His weight is 165 pounds.

Yerka will play right end. Yerka is a light man, but has played well, and has been on the year's "varsity," making many star plays in the Thanksgiving game against Pomona College.

Johnson, 160 pounds, and Smith, 155 pounds, are the right and left ends, respectively.

At right tackle, Shanes will weigh 165 pounds. Yerka will play right end.

Yerka is a light man, but has played well, and has been on the year's "varsity," making many star plays in the Thanksgiving game against Pomona College.

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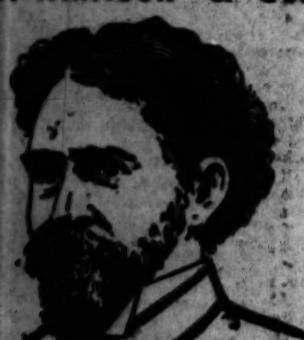


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EXPLORER AND LECTURER  
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ct. 7, 1900.

LIEBIG &amp; CO.

Never-failing Spearmen. Established  
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clubs and saloons.

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You will not regret it. In Nature's labo-  
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best and most complete analysis of  
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Los Angeles, Cal.

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why should you want it to? It  
permeates and fills the water  
down and most economical  
washing with slippery soap, or  
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the Best Cooks

in the Country recognize the  
superiority of& PERRINS'  
SAUCE THE ORIGINAL  
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SAUCE

RECEIVED BY INVENTORS

For Glass, Stacks, Bottles, Soap,  
and every variety of made dishes,  
is most invaluable.

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bsolutely Painless  
illing Non-breakable Set Tools,  
essential Gum, \$10  
25 Crown, \$5; Bridge Work, \$5 a  
box; Painless Extraction.  
Two hours, \$5 to \$10; Sundays, \$10 to \$12.  
Dr. C. Stevens, 815 N. Spring St.Chemists. MAIN ST.  
115 N.  
TELEGRAMS, CONCENTRATION AND  
DRUGS, HOME & LINS.Calling Cards, Wedding Invitations, An-  
nouncements, Stationers, etc. H. B. B. Building,  
115 N. Spring St.shades of gray, made to order from  
\$25.00—the real thing for fall wear.  
INN, 114 S. Main, THE OPRHEUM.

olesale hay.

Telephone Main 1596.

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T'S, 830-852 South Spring Street.

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Blank and brochures on "Consumption," etc.

405 South Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

## Los Angeles Evening Express

THIRTYEIGHT YEAR—NO. 150.

TWELVE PAGES

LOS ANGELES, CAL., MONDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1900.

TWELVE PAGES

5 O'CLOCK EDITION

## TODAY'S

COAL MINERS ARE  
STILL IN SOLID RANKS  
LEGATION GUARD IS  
FORMED BY GEN. CHAFFEENEWS OF PRINCE TUAN'S  
DEGRADATION CONFIRMED  
PENSION FRAUDS STIR UP  
U. S. JUDGE CLARKCOUNCIL WANTS TO KNOW  
ABOUT THAT HAY DEAL  
102,479 IS POPULATION  
OF LOS ANGELESCANDIDATE GRAVES  
AT LAST HEARD FROM  
MAYOR RESIGNS FROM  
POLICE PENSION BOARD

## TODAY

PRINCE TUAN  
MUST ANSWER  
FOR HIS ACTSChinese Government Blames Him  
and Others for the TroubleMinister Conger and Council McWade  
Confirm Reports of Condemnatory  
Imperial EdictsCOAL MINERS  
FORMED INTO A  
SOLID ARMYPresident Mitchell Says the Strike  
Is Practically CompleteNo Resumption of Work Without a Con-  
vention Representing Every Colliery.  
Another March of StrikersPOPULATION OF  
LOS ANGELES IS

102,479

Official Announcement Made by the Census Bu-  
reau at Washington—Will Make Neces-  
sary Reorganization of Police Courts

Washington, Oct. 1.—The census bureau today announced the population of Los Angeles, Cal. The total is 102,479, as against 50,395 in 1890. The increase is 52,084, or 103.35 per cent.

The agency is over at last and Los Angeles is the second largest city in size on the Pacific coast. The local census figures reached here today in an official form, the bulletin having been this morning issued from Washington and telegraphed to the Express by Associated Press.

The city's total population is 102,479, as against 50,395 in 1890, an increase of 103.35 per cent.

The result, while it will cause something of a disappointment, does not come as a surprise, as the Express announced a special dispatch from the national capital two months ago that the figures would not go much beyond the 100,000 mark. Since that time, however, a supplemental list of nearly 200 names was sent forward and it has been the verification of these additional lists which un-

changed this morning. The collieries with the exception of one at Mocanicas, employing 400 men, are tied up as well. It is apparent that no action will be taken on the attempt of the mine owners to raise the wages of any of the miners, with a per cent increase in wages until word comes from President Mitchell.

## READING COMPANY'S

## OFFER DID NOT ATTRACT

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 1.—President Mitchell is now at Hazleton, where he has been engaged in a strike at the coal and iron company.

"Our report from the Panther Creek valley indicate that this heretofore impregnable portion of the anthracite region had declared its intention of supporting the operators. The prediction made yesterday that no attention would be paid to the notices posted by the Reading company conceding a 10 per cent advance was proved true.

"Accompanied by the national board members, I shall go to Wilkesbarre to-morrow to attend a great labor demon-

stration which will be participated by 25,000 men."

ANOTHER MARCH  
OF STRIKING MINERS

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 1.—Another march, with the coal and iron collieries five miles from Hazleton, was started at 6 o'clock this morning, few if any miners were to work.

"Our report from the Panther Creek valley indicate that this heretofore impregnable portion of the anthracite region had declared its intention of supporting the operators. The prediction made yesterday that no attention would be paid to the notices posted by the Reading company conceding a 10 per cent advance was proved true.

"Accompanied by the national board members, I shall go to Wilkesbarre to-morrow to attend a great labor demon-

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## NOTICES IGNORED

## BY THE STRIKERS

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 1.—The notice posted yesterday by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, an-

nouncing an increase in wages of 10 per cent to all its employees, was ignored by the miners, who are still on strike.

"Sheriff Harter of Lattimer, the coun-

ty arrived at Lattimer just as the men

had been on strike for the starting of

work at 7 o'clock. They also covered Lattimer and the surrounding towns to the same place. The two bodies united east of Lattimer and marched into the town at 8 o'clock. Each striker carried a small American flag. The marchers were all in uniform and were employed at Hazletonbrook last week, going to the home of a non-striker and quietly asking him to refrain from contributing to the strike. They also covered the town of Hazleton, from the surrounding towns to Lattimer. The strikers claim they succeeded in getting nearly 400 men to quit, but the company officials say they did not lose anywhere near that number. Sheriff Harter of Lattimer, the coun-

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# MR. SILVER ASKED AN EXPLANATION

## He Wanted to Know About That Hay Deal

### Mr. Pierce Declares That the City Was Not Overcharged and That Everything Was Regular

When the hay contract that has aroused so much diverse comment came up in the council today for approval, together with the bond, Mr. Silver said:

"Without desiring in any way to reflect on the members of the supply committee, I desire to ask some question in relation to this hay contract. In this case the public press has charged that the city is paying an exorbitant price for the hay. We have been told that the price has been taken entirely out of the hands of the fire board. I only ask for explanation because I was absent when the matter was first brought up. I have been made, however, it does seem to me to be just to the public that some explanation be given and reasons assigned for the acts that have aroused criticism."

"As a member of the supply committee," said Mr. Vetter, "I may be able to make some explanation. The fire board recommendation that we advertise for hay we have made in the usual manner. The fire board, however, it does seem to me to be just to the public that some explanation be given and reasons assigned for the acts that have aroused criticism."

"Mr. Pierce was the one member of the committee who, in my opinion, was most anxious, was suited to handle a hay purchase. He kindly consented to act and on his recommendation we decided to advertise for but 350 tons instead of 400 tons."

"We favored the appointment of one party, who should have full charge of the receipt of the hay. I do not think that the statement of interposed parties in the receipt of the hay is correct."

"Mr. Pierce told me that he has been unable to get the fire board to give him a weight. I believe we have adopted the best method for securing all the hay we advertised for and of the best grade."

"We voted the amount in view of our experience last year and a desire to have a simple, business-like method of handling the hay purchased. We are not responsible for a full payment, but we can be on anybody's part."

"About half the hay has already been delivered and the city will have received the last of the hay within about 10 days, so the extra expense is a very modest affair."

The contract and bond were referred to the finance committee.

### "BOBS" APPOINTMENT IS OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED

London, Sept. 30.—It is officially announced that Lord Roberts has been appointed commander-in-chief of the British army. Although the fact that the appointment had been made was already known, the formal announcement is hailed by the unionist party as a welcome pledge that army reorganization will be carried out in the most effective manner.

It was beginning to be recognized that something was needed to give strength to the unionist campaign. Accordingly, semi-official announcements are out that George Wyndham, parliamentary under-secretary of state for war, in his speech at Derby tomorrow, will outline the government's scheme of army reforms, and that the war office is arranging with Lord Roberts for the return of a large portion of the army in South Africa.

The Times, in an editorial, referring this morning to the appointment of Lord Roberts as commander-in-chief, hints that Lord Kitchener will come home to assist him in his new post.

### Chou Shalt Not

#### Rev. Smither Says That Grumbling is a Sin in God's Sight--Other Sermons

"Grumbling," said Rev. A. C. Smither in his sermon at the First Christian church yesterday morning, "is a sin against God. The same book that says 'thou shalt not sin,' says 'do all things without murmurings and disputings.' Many would hesitate to steal and yet continue the terrible practice of grumbling. Each of us has his dole. The modern distinctions in sining are the teaching of man's fancy, but nowhere corroborated by the divine book. The commandments of our lives are mainly of divine ordering. The one to do is to do of divine planning. The infinite tenderness of God has provided the conditions of our life. The one who rebels against God, who rebels against him, is to defy the divine law, is to rebel and sin against God. God knows our needs and does all things for our best good. We should accept these decrees of the eternal."

"In the Old Testament there is the record of the grumblers. There is the record of great punishment that came upon those who were not submissive to the divine ordering. The same thing is doubtless true in modern times. May God bless the member and free the world of his presence. The world would be brighter could he be removed."

#### GALVESTON DISASTER.

"The Galveston Disaster from a Christian Standpoint" was the subject from which Rev. George Thomas Dowling, pastor of Christ's Episcopcal church, preached a sermon yesterday at the Church of the Epiphany.

The sermon had previously been delivered in Pasadena, and was repeated yesterday by request. Among other things, the pastor said:

"You have I know men, perhaps who have passed through this world thinking only of their prerogatives and little or none of their responsibilities; only selfish, and with a heavy hand. 'What can I get?' and never with the royal spirit of a truly noble man, like Jesus Christ. 'What of my soul?' and then the soul can give to make the world brighter. And who towers over others, who is today poorer than the poorest pauper, who walks the earth in our begining his crust from door to door?"

"But think of what he was worth! And what was he worth? Nothing at all. He was worth nothing; something he had been reading in the newspaper, and just as promptly it disappeared."

"He" apparently took no further notice of the matter, but the following morning, to his great amazement, and the amazement of the other men in the room outside the saloon. It was a sheet of note paper. On one side was a pen and ink sketch of a pretty girl reading a book, and on the opposite page

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## JESSIE BARTLETT DAVIS AND HER STRAPPING SON

The Famous Prima Donna Does Not Care to Talk "Shop"



Jessie Bartlett Davis at the Orpheum

There is a new thing under the sun. A stage artist has been found who prefers to talk about her husband than about her. Wonder will never cease!

Jessie Bartlett Davis is the name of this rare avia among theater people. She rolled into the Arcade department store in Los Angeles, the other day, was whistled in a carriage up town in the Orpheum, where she sings tonight, and fifteen minutes later reposed on a chaise in her hotel apartment.

The well-known newspaper scribes howd-  
loos when they were admitted to the prima donna's presence. She was prepared with pencil and paper, and was talking of salary of \$1,000 per week, the domestic side of her life has never been so prudely before the public. And there were a few people who knew that she really was married, or if they knew, could tell who or what her husband was, but there will be many, very many, who will be surprised to learn that their favorite contralto is not only married, but has a handsome, athletic 15-year-old son. She is proud of her popularity, of her fame, and forever and ever, as a matter of course, but none of them can equal her pride in her boy. She will talk of all these things if you insist, but if you want to win your way into her good graces, you must be a man.

"I'm not really a prima donna," said Miss Davis, "I'm just a regular girl."

"But you really prefer vaudeville to light opera?" queried another newspaper chap.

"Oh, I don't want to go all over that again," said the scribe. "Let's talk about something else. You," continued the famous artist, pointing to a bearded reporter in the bunch, "remind me of my own boy, only he's heavier." You know, you start out with a good idea, and it always follows you."

"Huh! That's nice," said Miss Davis, "but you really prefer vaudeville to light opera?"

"I'm not really a prima donna," said Miss Davis, "I'm just a regular girl."

Though Jessie Bartlett Davis was pre-

pared to talk about her husband, she did not do so.

"I don't want to go all over that again," said the scribe. "Let's talk about something else. You," continued the famous artist, pointing to a bearded reporter in the bunch, "remind me of my own boy, only he's heavier." You know, you start out with a good idea, and it always follows you."

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## THE LOS ANGELES EVENING EXPRESS.

OLDEST DAILY IN THE CITY.

ESTABLISHED MARCH 27, 1871.

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## Official Paper of the City of Los Angeles.

WEEKLY The Express will mail its Saturday issue every week for \$1.00 per year. The Saturday paper will always be 12 pages or larger, and will give the news very completely. One dollar per year, mailed to any address.

## CIRCULATION OF THE EXPRESS

The daily circulation of the Evening Express is now nearly Eleven Thousand. The exact average for the past two weeks, ending Sept. 29, has been 10,685 copies.

Advertisers are free to examine the Circulation Books at all times or demand a sworn statement of circulation.

## TRUSTS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

In case of illness people frequently go over to the neighbors to find out what they take for it. The same thing has been done by the United States. Professor Jenks of the industrial commission was sent over to Europe a few months ago to find out what they take for trusts. He has just returned with the pleasing intelligence that they don't take anything in particular with them.

European countries are quite familiar with the industrial combinations and do not become excited over them. The public keeps so quiet on the subject that the trust has not been afraid to speak its mind, tell what it intends to do and how it intends to do it. This is quite in contrast with the situation in this country, where the trust first denies that it is a trust and then goes on to prove that it is a trust.

In England Professor Jenks discovered that the only remedy thus far proposed is publicly to show the inner workings of industrial combinations. The main reason for forming trusts in England was to avoid competition which had become so severe that no one could make any money. Industrialism was practically driving into bankruptcy. Some combinations and eliminating competition, other advantages have accrued. The trust is in a better position to fight workmen; large numbers of traveling men have been dispensed with; the cost of supervision has been lessened and less clerical force is necessary.

In Germany nearly every industry is in a combination, and there are also syndicates of merchants who are compelled, through necessity, to handle trust goods. The latter are organized to fight and make things unprofitable for the trust. The usual plan of organization in Germany is to apportion the output among members of the combination, each producing a certain percentage. Some combinations have a selling bureau to handle the entire output and distribute the orders as they are received. Now all the coal mines are in a combination; 27 percent of the copper refineries are similarly consolidated and the iron industry is organized into five combinations along different lines of manufacture. However, the German trust is under rigid supervision and must show its books to the public to prove how it is getting along.

It seems to be the consensus of opinion in Europe, particularly England and Germany, that the day of industrial competition between individuals or even large companies is past. It is possibly foreseen that under increasing competitive warfare there would be great mortality, and finally there would be only a few or perhaps one survivor. In the end the survivors would probably be a trust by reason of their survival. The captains of industry preferred to avoid that kind of evolution—the doctrine of survival of the fittest did not appear to them. As soon as they began to see their finish they went to work to form combinations and definitely set at naught the teaching of scientists and political economists that "natural selection" does, and by right should, rule the animate and inanimate world.

## BANTERING GREAT BRITAIN

One of the favorite sports of some unregenerated youths of adolescent age is the reprehensible practice of plaguing and ridiculing their maternal ancestors. In this there is a measure of revenge for the spankings of helpless childhood. At this age there is also the keenest delight in bantering and badgering the younger members of the family who are still clinging to apron strings.

This human trait extends to nations. There is a disposition on the part of Americans to worry the old lady, the mother country across the water, with all manner of annoying verbal tricks, and there is particular delight in making faces and rumpling the pinheads of the infant Canada, which still obscures itself behind the ample folds of the maternal apron.

We have smiled provokingly at the old lady in her desperate efforts at speaking in South Africa. We have placed "tickle-ticks" upon her window to remind her that her coal scuttle is empty and that she must come to us to borrow a little money. We have had no end of fun with little Canada. We have waited across the border jeering invitations to get weaned and come over into our yard to play, and have inquisitively that physical vigor will never come if the maternal coddling process is to continue.

In 1897 an effort was made to put a stop to our bad-boy tactics. A preferential tariff was adopted by Canada, which gave the United Kingdom an advantage of 12½ per cent on goods sent to Canada. In 1898 the preferential rating was advanced to 25 per cent. Last July another advance was made, so that the rate is now 33½ per cent.

We haven't been quite so loud in our ridicule since this preferential tariff went into effect, but some figures given out by our treasury department a few days ago indicate that we may yet be cheerfully perturbed. During the fiscal year 1898 Great Britain sent Canada \$22,000,000 worth of goods, while we sold her \$44,000,000 worth, and we beat the mother country on her specialties, iron, steel, machinery and cotton goods.

In commenting upon this the Canadian manufacturer says:

"The preponderance of trade is overwhelmingly in favor of American manufacturers, and tariff preference to our favor of British goods to the contrary notwithstanding, American manufacturers are taking the cream of the business. Is it possible that British manufacturers are entirely unable to compete in the Canadian markets?"

We do not know as yet what the extra 12½ per cent added last July is going to affect us, but there is fear that we shall

not give up our bad habit of plaguing Canada about the family relation.

## FREIGHT CAR FAMINE

It is an unusual occurrence for an humble farmer or produce shipper at an obscure railroad station to pester the representative of the transportation company for cars. Every once in a while there is a car famine and shippers are put off with such excuses as the railroad agent may think his patrons will most readily accept. Usually the blame can be placed upon some other road or upon strikes, acts of providence, or an overwhelming amount of business.

This year there is a brand-new explanation and it is a good one. The humble suppliant for cars, whose active interest in the affairs of the world is almost nothing at all, is fairly paralyzed when it is explained to him that the reason why his hogs or wheat cannot be transported promptly is because of the war in China, South Africa or the Philippines. The distance between these causes and effects is so great that the ordinary person receives a decided jolt upon his thinking apparatus and then has to think again.

But the connection is very simple. The war referred to have taken a large amount of marine transportation from its accustomed routes. Coal scarcity in Europe has put a premium upon ocean tonnage. A great natural increase in exports has further affected the situation. There is thus a scarcity of ships due to a combination of these circumstances.

This shortage in ocean tonnage has an effect upon railroad transportation, not in decreasing the number of cars but in preventing them from being used. News dispatches from the Atlantic seaboard indicate that freight is piling up there awaiting ocean transportation. Warehouses are full and goods simply have to remain in cars on railroads until ships are available. There is therefore a contraction in the circulating medium of railroads and this reacts upon the country at large.

The farmer in Nebraska thus finds that he is a citizen of the world—a cosmopolite. In spite of himself he is concerned in British elections which settle the South African question. He is interested in the German proposition in China, and the intention of the car is a matter of some moment with him. The world has grown so small, that the news of the village, state and nation, and market reports from the county seat does not suffice. To find out why the provoking and exasperating railroad company does not furnish a car ordered two weeks ago it is necessary to read the cables from Shanghai, Berlin and London.

(WRITTEN FOR EVENING EXPRESS)

## Church Taxation

By S. H. Woodford.

I shall not today ask the reader to follow farther on the abstract line of my former paper. If a man can not or will not see that human society is in its essential nature as truly ecclesiastical as it is political, nothing that could be said in brief space can make him see. However, I still insist that every mother's son and daughter of us inhabit an environment other than the physical world. Nearer to the center of human life than the world of sense lies the vast immaterial world, the source of the deepest and best realities of all our experience—courage, hope, faith, love, reverence, awe, aspiration, a sense of dependence on powers inscrutable, and a thousand other realities which lie beyond the senses. Religion in its broadest sense and the only sense in which we here have any concern, is man's consciousness of his undying relation to this unseen world.

Now the mistake made by that class of minds who would tax the machinery of religion is their notion that they only belong to the religious society who have "professed religion" in some one of the bodies called "churches." The fact is that every human soul has this consciousness, more or less strong, of his relation to the boundless world not seen. It is the universality of this sentiment of religion that makes it the interest of the whole human society, and which makes the church and the state the same in part.

Now mark this: There is not a man in California whose opinion on any other matter is worth a moment's attention who does not think that man's highest good lies in a better and better realization of the unseen world which we all know better than we can describe. There is not a man in California who knows what religion is in its most catholic sense, who will not confess that religion is society's highest concern.

It follows that any and all organized attempts to bring men into closer relation with the world unseen is a matter which concerns society as a whole. Society's best interest is to encourage, not to discourage and lead down, any and all bona fide religious effort that the state confesses is not well functioned to do this directly, is no proof that it can not do so indirectly; e. g., by the remission of taxes on the machinery of this work.

The masses of mankind seldom reason out their action beforehand, but move forward by instinct. The principle I am contending for is today recognized by every sovereign society over all this world, barbarous or civilized, California being the one single and unique exception. Every state and territory has its minister of religion.

Now, then, come about this anomalous state of things in California? Has California taken a step in advance of all the rest of the world, or is she willfully despising a great law of social existence? Is it California's wisdom, or her folly? Neither; it was an accident. The original constitution of the state simply omitted to give "the legislature power to exempt church property, but declared that "all property" should be taxed. Notwithstanding, the legislature did exempt church property from 1850 to 1868—showing that the omission of the subject from the constitution was not thought to mean an intention by its framers to abrogate the universal custom. In 1868 the supreme court held the state to the literal language of the constitution, and taxes have been imposed ever since. In the new constitution of 1879, the old language was retained because public opinion had become somewhat disorganized on the subject, and the constitutional convention was not able to settle upon a compromise among conflicting opinions.

At the coming November election, the people of the state will have an opportunity to return to line in this matter with every other civilized community on the globe.

S. H. Woodford

Sexto Lopez, Aguilardo's confidant, having come to the United States at this stage of our national campaign to present the case of the Filipino insurgents, it would be nothing but fitting and proper for him to join Mr. Bryan, Aguilardo's friend, and go with him during the balance of his speech making trip. Mr. Bryan would thus practically help the cause he has formally espoused from the platform.

Mr. Croker sees nothing wrong in the Moth and Flame. The versatility of the members of the Oliver-Lewis company was never more clearly shown than last evening, when the advance cast of seats tells the story. Neither love nor money will now procure a seat on the ground floor of the Orpheum for the next two weeks. The person who is simple they are all sold. With the exception of a few family circle seats they were all sold last Saturday night. No such demand for seats in the upper gallery has ever been known. Fairly tested the capacity of the house, and crowded houses may be confidently expected at every performance of "The Moth and the Flame." Performances will be given every evening and on Saturday matinee of this week.

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Expert Shoemakers Build Our Shoes

## Awarded the Grand Prize

A CABLEGRAM informs us that Laird, Shober & Co. have been awarded the grand prize by the Paris exposition. Their shoes for ladies and misses have been declared the "best" in every world's contest. This last decision settles the question for once and all, that NO OTHER SHOE equals these for quality or value.

This store is the sole agent for this footwear in Southern California, and a complete line of fall styles is now on sale.

WE CARRY  
FOOT FORM SHOES  
FOURTH & BROADWAY

## Dr. Parlow's Rheumatism Cure

Is doing its wonderful work from one end of the continent to the other.

The following is among the many letters received by us daily:

Baltimore, Md., June 27, 1899.  
Mrs. H. H. H. Boston, Mass., repr.

Dear Madam—Your remedy has me of my rheumatism I believe on and off for over 20 years. I never saw anything like it. For before I used it I was not able to walk a mile, and when I had used it a week I was able to go down stairs at dinner, and if you could have seen me then you would have seen how I was then. I never saw anything worse than they were. I can recommend it to any one who is suffering from rheumatism. I have tried every remedy known to man, and if I could help it for anything in the world.

My daughter's father-in-law fell and sprained the muscles of his leg. The doctor put it in a splint, but it did not cure him. He was in a great deal of pain, and it was all right now.

I am very grateful to you, and hope you will be in your success. If the improvement of it will help you any, you are well come.

I trust you will soon establish an agency here. Respectfully yours,

H. H. CLARK,  
1515 Byrd St., Baltimore, Md.

For sale only by the—

Parlow Remedy Co.

681 S. Hill Street

Phone James 3061.

An Honest Quart  
of  
Old Oscar Pepper

WHISKEY  
75c  
60. CAL. WINE CO.  
Tel. No. 332 210 W. FOURTH STREET

Some Fascinating Features  
of THE  
Packard Pianos

They have a full, sweet, ringing tone. A scale that is even from top to bottom. Built of thoroughly seasoned woods, which insure a long life. The piano repeating action is perfect; their cases are of the latest artistic designs beautifully finished.

Los Angeles Piano Co.  
314 So. Broadway

Dr. C. B. Elliott  
Scientific Optician  
Consultation and examination free.  
All Work Guaranteed. 319 S. Spring St.

Teachers' Certificates Granted

Teachers' certificates have been granted by the board of education as follows: Grammar, Mrs. Mary B. Mitchell; high school, Marion Deems; A. E. Smith and Katherine Shoupe; life class, Mrs. Mary B. Mitchell; Mrs. E. T. Ingham; normal documents, Annie R. Nobles, Edith May, Elizabeth Fanning, Edith C. Knott, Mrs. Pauline McAlpin, Leslie Flinninger and H. H. Cuthbert; educational diploma and university document, Miss E. Coleman.

Southern California turners are celebrating in San Diego.

Two Whisky, 2 quarts at Woolcott's.

## NEITHER DEAD NOR SLEEPING

## Democratic Candidate for Congress Has Been Heard From

## Mr. Graves Writes From San Luis Obispo That He Will Come to Los Angeles in "Three or Four Days"

"San Luis Obispo, Cal., Sept. 27, 1899.  
"Hon. E. E. Crandall, Los Angeles, Cal.—Dear Sir: Your kind favor of the 25th inst. has been received. I regret exceedingly the conditions that have existed here and I have absolutely given up my campaign, and I can assure you that it has been a matter of great wroth to me. I have been talking to some of the leading men of Los Angeles through the telephone this morning, and if my health permits I will be down there in three or four days. Sicknes and the pressure of court cases have rendered it absolutely impossible for me to make my visit Los Angeles sooner. I know the situation there. It is the battle ground of the campaign, and I ought to devote most of my time to it. I will be with you and private business permit. I will come to Los Angeles and NOT before."

The letter to E. E. Crandall, printed above, was received here this morning. In his communication Mr. Graves indicates that he will be in Los Angeles in the early part of October. The message is dated Sept. 27, and the candidate of his own showing ought to have reached here not later than today.

The silver republicans are complaining that Mr. Graves has not shown to his regular organization even the scant recognition that he is due. He has displayed no courtesy to Mr. Crandall, who wrote to Mr. Graves as well as others.

Certain democrats, populists and silver republicans are making somewhat remarkable charges against the republicans national and congressional leaders of having engineered a deal by which William Graves was selected at San Jose as the democratic candidate for congress in this district. It is asserted that if Graves had not up party leaders here stand ready to make up a purse to defray his expenses.

The silver republicans are especially wild over the candidate's peculiar conduct. They say that he has been here today that Graves might just as well remain at home now, so far as doing any good himself at this stage is concerned. They are threatening to begin a regular organization in the interest of Mr. Cole, Jr., or Stephen M. White. It is acknowledged that neither of the two could now be elected, but genuine democrats would have opportunity, if he did, to register their names on election day. Such a petition must be filed with the secretary of state by Oct. 6.

Gaylord, W. H., socialist democrat, who has been here to speak to Graves to a public debate on the issues of the campaign. W. H. Gaylord, if Graves cannot come to Los Angeles, to go to the latter's home in San Luis Obispo, and speak to him, and the other expenses of the proposed meeting.

Political Itineraries  
Proposed Nominations—Work of the Political Clubs

Hon. James McLachlan will devote this week to Los Angeles county. Tomorrow evening he will speak to the people of San Pedro; on Thursday he will talk at Pomona; on Friday at Monrovia; Saturday at Alhambra. All of these meetings will be in the evening, and between times afternoon meetings will be held whenever

commissioner, has announced himself for the republican nomination for council from the Fourth ward. My Wyman is an old time republican and has been a successful business man and has been assured a strong support.

Gen. C. E. Carr, a brilliant orator of Illinois, will address citizens of Pomona, Oct. 14.

The republican state, congressional and county headquarters are now established for the campaign on the second floor of the Hotel Hollenbeck, where a suite of eight rooms have been arranged, fronting the elevator. Bradner W. Lee and Secretary D. C. McElvair will be in charge of the county rooms and L. G. Brown, congressional, and Judge J. W. McKinley will have charge of the state branch.

The democratic headquarters are installed permanently on the second floor of the Bryson block.

Judson R. Boggs, who during his absence from home has been nominated by the republicans of Sacramento county as a candidate for the assembly, the son of a farmer and was up to a short time ago the postmaster at Covina. His republican opponent is Howard Brough of Pomona.

The following executive committee has been appointed by Bradner W. Lee, chairman of the republican county central committee:

At large—J. W. McKinley, Frank A. Meece, George E. Phillips, Frank J. Thomas, Charles Walcott, of Los Angeles.

First supervisory district—M. H. Weight of Pasadena, E. W. Camp of Sierra Madre, D. R. Knoll of Pomona.

Second supervisory district—George L. Newberry, L. F. Vetter, J. M. Schneider, E. F. C. Klocke, C. D. Willard, S. P. Mullins, W. B. Brant, F. F. Jones, F. Scott, W. H. Huneker, M. M. Potter, Willis H. Booth, W. J. Washburn, J. W. A. Orr.

The Bear club of San Francisco will arrive here Oct. 15 for a three days' visit. About 60 members will be in the party and on leaving here they will go around the kite-shaped track and then on to San Diego.

Frank L. Allen, formerly in charge of the business department of the Evening News, is an aspirant for the republican nomination for the board of education from the Fourth ward. Mr. Allen is engaged in the job printing business and is an old resident of the Fourth ward.

G. M. Griffin, of the same ward, has been prevailed upon by his friends to try for the nomination for the board of education from the Fourth ward.

At large—J. W. McKinley, Frank A. Meece, George E. Phillips, Frank J. Thomas, Charles Walcott, of Los Angeles.

First supervisory district—Luther G. Brown, Thomas Hughes, James W. Long of Los Angeles.

Second supervisory district—W. P. L. Stafford of Long Beach, C. D. Holt of Santa Monica, George F. Adams of University.

Third supervisory district—H. W. Stegdon of San Fernando, W. P. Stegdon of Los Angeles.

There is one place as yet unfilled—the Fifth supervisory district, which is under consideration, and the points will be announced in a day or two.

There have been persistent rumors about during the past few days which seemed to indicate that Fred Hines would yet consent to allow the use of his name as a candidate for the republican nomination for assembly.

Today, Mr. Hines said: "Well, I appreciate all that my friends have said of me and all they would do for me. I must absolutely decline to consider the nomination for assembly. I have heard that any citizen might well be pardoned for coveting, but it would demand greater sacrifices on my part than I can make. I must decline to allow the use of my name." He turned over his original decision after fully considering the matter and there has been no change in my mind."

Celebrated His Birthday  
Mr. and Mrs. George E. Loomis entertained in their home on East Washington Street, Saturday night, Mr. and Mrs. Loomis' birthday. There were 400 guests in attendance, among the number being many public officials. The police force, of which Mr. Loomis has been a member for five years, was well represented.

Francis D. Wyman, formerly a police

officer, has been granted a leave of absence to return and resume his

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## EVENING EXPRESS DAILY SHORT STORY

## The Waltz Movement

By Guy Devereux

ward played idly the last passage, pushing back her hair, which was a hunting song which he was fond of singing at the temple. "I like music," said the older woman. "I like music, but I don't know what to say to it." She had been everything to Bernard. She had been everything to him in his childhood, although he was often a bad boy, and she had educated him, had his musical talent developed, cherished him in all the ways of life. Her dream and hope of the success of her son had been realized in the coming of a son to her. She had prayed for it night and morning, in secret hours. If he won the prize, it meant a separation, the anguish of the thought of losing her little son. But Arabella smiled brightly as he leaned over and talked to her in impassioned murmur, and Vida's slender hands strayed over the curtain and out. The fact is, they were all three—Bernard and Arabella because

violins, horns, flutes and what not—had no fancy positions are firm. Potatoes are nowhere in the market at present. Choice local potatoes are special. Sweets are nominal.

—For 10 lbs. 10¢; No. 2, 12¢; No. 3, 14¢; No. 4, 16¢; No. 5, 18¢; No. 6, 20¢; No. 7, 22¢; No. 8, 24¢; No. 9, 26¢; No. 10, 28¢; No. 11, 30¢; No. 12, 32¢; No. 13, 34¢; No. 14, 36¢; No. 15, 38¢; No. 16, 40¢; No. 17, 42¢; No. 18, 44¢; No. 19, 46¢; No. 20, 48¢; No. 21, 50¢; No. 22, 52¢; No. 23, 54¢; No. 24, 56¢; No. 25, 58¢; No. 26, 60¢; No. 27, 62¢; No. 28, 64¢; No. 29, 66¢; No. 30, 68¢; No. 31, 70¢; No. 32, 72¢; No. 33, 74¢; No. 34, 76¢; No. 35, 78¢; No. 36, 80¢; No. 37, 82¢; No. 38, 84¢; No. 39, 86¢; No. 40, 88¢; No. 41, 90¢; No. 42, 92¢; No. 43, 94¢; No. 44, 96¢; No. 45, 98¢; No. 46, 100¢; No. 47, 102¢; No. 48, 104¢; No. 49, 106¢; No. 50, 108¢; No. 51, 110¢; No. 52, 112¢; No. 53, 114¢; No. 54, 116¢; No. 55, 118¢; No. 56, 120¢; No. 57, 122¢; No. 58, 124¢; No. 59, 126¢; No. 60, 128¢; No. 61, 130¢; No. 62, 132¢; No. 63, 134¢; No. 64, 136¢; No. 65, 138¢; No. 66, 140¢; No. 67, 142¢; No. 68, 144¢; No. 69, 146¢; No. 70, 148¢; No. 71, 150¢; No. 72, 152¢; No. 73, 154¢; No. 74, 156¢; No. 75, 158¢; 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No. 145, 298¢; No. 146, 300¢; No. 147, 302¢; No. 148, 304¢; No. 149, 306¢; No. 150, 308¢; No. 151, 310¢; No. 152, 312¢; No. 153, 314¢; No. 154, 316¢; No. 155, 318¢; No. 156, 320¢; No. 157, 322¢; No. 158, 324¢; No. 159, 326¢; No. 160, 328¢; No. 161, 330¢; No. 162, 332¢; No. 163, 334¢; No. 164, 336¢; No. 165, 338¢; No. 166, 340¢; No. 167, 342¢; No. 168, 344¢; No. 169, 346¢; No. 170, 348¢; No. 171, 350¢; No. 172, 352¢; No. 173, 354¢; No. 174, 356¢; No. 175, 358¢; No. 176, 360¢; No. 177, 362¢; No. 178, 364¢; No. 179, 366¢; No. 180, 368¢; No. 181, 370¢; No. 182, 372¢; No. 183, 374¢; No. 184, 376¢; No. 185, 378¢; No. 186, 380¢; No. 187, 382¢; No. 188, 384¢; No. 189, 386¢; No. 190, 388¢; No. 191, 390¢; No. 192, 392¢; No. 193, 394¢; No. 194, 396¢; No. 195, 398¢; No. 196, 400¢; No. 197, 402¢; No. 198, 404¢; No. 199, 406¢; No. 200, 408¢; No. 201, 410¢; No. 202, 412¢; No. 203, 414¢; No. 204, 416¢; No. 205, 418¢; No. 206, 420¢; No. 207, 422¢; No. 208, 424¢; No. 209, 426¢; No. 210, 428¢; No. 211, 430¢; No. 212, 432¢; No. 213, 434¢; No. 214, 436¢; No. 215, 438¢; No. 216, 440¢; No. 217, 442¢; No. 218, 444¢; No. 219, 446¢; No. 220, 448¢; No. 221, 450¢; No. 222, 452¢; No. 223, 454¢; No. 224, 456¢; No. 225, 458¢; No. 226, 460¢; No. 227, 462¢; No. 228, 464¢; No. 229, 466¢; No. 230, 468¢; No. 231, 470¢; No. 232, 472¢; No. 233, 474¢; No. 234, 476¢; No. 235, 478¢; No. 236, 480¢; No. 237, 482¢; No. 238, 484¢; No. 239, 486¢; No. 240, 488¢; No. 241, 490¢; No. 242, 492¢; No. 243, 494¢; No. 244, 496¢; No. 245, 498¢; No. 246, 500¢; No. 247, 502¢; No. 248, 504¢; No. 249, 506¢; No. 250, 508¢; No. 251, 510¢; No. 252, 512¢; No. 253, 514¢; No. 254, 516¢; No. 255, 518¢; No. 256, 520¢; No. 257, 522¢; No. 258, 524¢; No. 259, 526¢; No. 260, 528¢; No. 261, 530¢; No. 262, 532¢; No. 263, 534¢; No. 264, 536¢; No. 265, 538¢; No. 266, 540¢; No. 267, 542¢; No. 268, 544¢; No. 269, 546¢; No. 270, 548¢; No. 271, 550¢; No. 272, 552¢; No. 273, 554¢; No. 274, 556¢; No. 275, 558¢; No. 276, 560¢; No. 277, 562¢; No. 278, 564¢; No. 279, 566¢; No. 280, 568¢; No. 281, 570¢; No. 282, 572¢; No. 283, 574¢; No. 284, 576¢; No. 285, 578¢; No. 286, 580¢; No. 287, 582¢; No. 288, 584¢; No. 289, 586¢; No. 290, 588¢; No. 291, 590¢; No. 292, 592¢; No. 293, 594¢; No. 294, 596¢; No. 295, 598¢; No. 296, 600¢; No. 297, 602¢; No. 298, 604¢; No. 299, 606¢; No. 300, 608¢; No. 301, 610¢; No. 302, 612¢; No. 303, 614¢; No. 304, 616¢; No. 305, 618¢; No. 306, 620¢; No. 307, 622¢; No. 308, 624¢; No. 309, 626¢; No. 310, 628¢; No. 311, 630¢; No. 312, 632¢; No. 313, 634¢; No. 314, 636¢; No. 315, 638¢; No. 316, 640¢; No. 317, 642¢; No. 318, 644¢; No. 319, 646¢; No. 320, 648¢; No. 321, 650¢; No. 322, 652¢; No. 323, 654¢; No. 324, 656¢; No. 325, 658¢; No. 326, 660¢; No. 327, 662¢; No. 328, 664¢; No. 329, 666¢; No. 330, 668¢; No. 331, 670¢; No. 332, 672¢; No. 333, 674¢; No. 334, 676¢; No. 335, 678¢; No. 336, 680¢; No. 337, 682¢; No. 338, 684¢; No. 339, 686¢; No. 340, 688¢; No. 341, 690¢; No. 342, 692¢; No. 343, 694¢; No. 344, 696¢; No. 345, 698¢; No. 346, 700¢; No. 347, 702¢; No. 348, 704¢; No. 349, 706¢; No. 350, 708¢; No. 351, 710¢; No. 352, 712¢; No. 353, 714¢; No. 354, 716¢; No. 355, 718¢; No. 356, 720¢; No. 357, 722¢; No. 358, 724¢; No. 359, 726¢; No. 360, 728¢; No. 361, 730¢; No. 362, 732¢; No. 363, 734¢; No. 364, 736¢; No. 365, 738¢; No. 366, 740¢; No. 367, 742¢; No. 368, 744¢; No. 369, 746¢; No. 370, 748¢; No. 371, 750¢; No. 372, 752¢; No. 373, 754¢; No. 374, 756¢; No. 375, 758¢; No. 376, 760¢; No. 377, 762¢; No. 378, 764¢; No. 379, 766¢; No. 380, 768¢; No. 381, 770¢; No. 382, 772¢; No. 383, 774¢; No. 384, 776¢; No. 385, 778¢; No. 386, 780¢; No. 387, 782¢; No. 388, 784¢; No. 389, 786¢; No. 390, 788¢; No. 391, 790¢; No. 392, 792¢; No. 393, 794¢; No. 394, 796¢; No. 395, 798¢; No. 396, 800¢; No. 397, 802¢; No. 398, 804¢; No. 399, 806¢; No. 400, 808¢; No. 401, 810¢; No. 402, 812¢; No. 403, 814¢; No. 404, 816¢; No. 405, 818¢; No. 406, 820¢; No. 407, 822¢; No. 408, 824¢; No. 409, 826¢; No. 410, 828¢; No. 411, 830¢; No. 412, 832¢; No. 413, 834¢; No. 414, 836¢; No. 415, 838¢; No. 416, 840¢; No. 417, 842¢; No. 418, 844¢; No. 419, 846¢; No. 420, 848¢; No. 421, 850¢; No. 422, 852¢; No. 423, 854¢; No. 424, 856¢; No. 425, 858¢; No. 426, 860¢; No. 427, 862¢; No. 428, 864¢; No. 429, 866¢; No. 430, 868¢; No. 431, 870¢; No. 432, 872¢; No. 433, 874¢; No. 434, 876¢; No. 435, 878¢; No. 436, 880¢; No. 437, 882¢; No. 438, 884¢; No. 439, 886¢; No. 440, 888¢; No. 441, 890¢; No. 442, 892¢; No. 443, 894¢; No. 444, 896¢; No. 445, 898¢; No. 446, 900¢; No. 447, 902¢; No. 448, 904¢; No. 449, 906¢; No. 450, 908¢; No. 451, 910¢; No. 452, 912¢; No. 453, 914¢; No. 454, 916¢; No. 455, 918¢; No. 456, 920¢; No. 457, 922¢; No. 458, 924¢; No. 459, 926¢; No. 460, 928¢; No. 461, 930¢; No. 462, 932¢; No. 463, 934¢; No. 464, 936¢; No. 465, 938¢; No. 466, 940¢; No. 467, 942¢; No. 468, 944¢; No. 469, 946¢; No. 470, 948¢; No. 471, 950¢; No. 472, 952¢; No. 473, 954¢; No. 474, 956¢; No. 475, 958¢; No. 476, 960¢; No. 477, 962¢; No. 478, 964¢; No. 479, 966¢; No. 480, 968¢; No. 481, 970¢; No. 482, 972¢; No. 483, 974¢; No. 484, 976¢; No. 485, 978¢; No. 486, 980¢; No. 487, 982¢; No. 488, 984¢; No. 489, 986¢; No. 490, 988¢; No. 491, 990¢; No. 492, 992¢; No. 493, 994¢; No. 494, 996¢; No. 495, 998¢; No. 496, 1000¢; No. 497, 1002¢; No. 498, 1004¢; No. 499, 1006¢; No. 500, 1008¢; No. 501, 1010¢; No. 502, 1012¢; No. 503, 1014¢; No. 504, 1016¢; No. 505, 1018¢; No. 506, 1020¢; No. 507, 1022¢; No. 508, 1024¢; No. 509, 1026¢; No. 510, 1028¢; No. 511, 1030¢; No. 512, 1032¢; No. 513, 1034¢; No. 514, 1036¢; No. 515, 1038¢; No. 516, 1040¢; No. 517, 1042¢; No. 518, 1044¢; No. 519, 1046¢; No. 520, 1048¢; No. 521, 1050¢; No. 522, 1052¢; No. 523, 1054¢; No. 524, 1056¢; No. 525, 1058¢; No. 526, 1060¢; No. 527, 1062¢; No. 528, 1064¢; No. 529, 1066¢; No. 530, 1068¢; No. 531, 1070¢; No. 532, 1072¢; No. 533, 1074¢; No. 534, 1076¢; No. 535, 1078¢; No. 536, 1080¢; No. 537, 1082¢; No. 538, 1084¢; No. 539, 1086¢; No. 540, 1088¢; No. 541, 1090¢; No. 542, 1092¢; No. 543, 1094¢; No. 544, 1096¢; No. 545, 1098¢; No. 546, 1100¢; No. 547, 1102¢; No. 548, 1104¢; No. 549, 1106¢; No. 550, 1108¢; No. 551, 1110¢; No. 552, 1112¢; No. 553, 1114¢; No. 554, 1116¢; No. 555, 1118¢; No. 556, 1120¢; No. 557, 1122¢; No. 558, 1124¢; No. 559, 1126¢; No. 560, 1128¢; No. 561, 1130¢; No. 562, 1132¢; No. 563, 1134¢; No. 564, 1136¢; No. 565, 113

